

# Dorm given life- but culprits face probation

They called it "livening up a dead dorm." The RA's and Hall Director called it disrupting.

Lots of the guys in the dorm thought playing tennis in the halls was funny. At least one complained.

As a result, Glen and Dan have found themselves on dorm probation.

The problem of discipline on campus has come to a head for some people. For some RA's and Hall Directors, the problem can only be remedied by "dorm probation."

"We use it (dorm probation) as a formal means to call it to the student's attention that he has violated a rule or rules," Jack Arvin, Housing area coordinator, said.

Should the student violate rules again after being placed on probation, "he could be asked to move to another wing or hall," he said. The student may be referred "to the Dean of Student Life's Office for further action," Arvin added.

After the initial incidents, Glen and Dan felt they had become unjustly accused of other violation of the "noise" code. They heard from their RA about the reputation they had acquired in the rest of the dorm. Their frustration and anger mounted as they found more and more they couldn't shake their "bad guy" image.

Most discipline problems for Arvin's are handled just by the hall staff.

"Rarely does the area coordinator know about all of the problems," Arvin added. "In my area, I've probably had

about a half-dozen instances of dorm probation for the whole year."

The judgements made concerning what constitutes an offense that should be punished in this manner are left entirely up to the hall staff.

"That's pretty much the way it has to be," Arvin said. "After all, I don't know any other way, other than taking a meter for reading decibels."

Glen and Dan's conversations reflected a feeling of prejudicial treatment. "After all," they said, "in some dorms, stereotypes are blaring away and visitation is almost unlimited."

Even their position in the dorm was an area for their gripes. "...maybe we should just move around the corner from the RA."

Different dorms, thanks to different levels of tolerance by the staffs, have different policies about probation.

Loretta Gamble, hall director at Foster, felt that it would have to be "something pretty bad" before a student was placed on dorm probation.

"I can't say exactly what it would involve," she said. "It depends if we'd had problems with the person before."

Her example of "something pretty bad" was a violation of visitation rules. "That's not just a little thing," she said.

She has not put anyone in Foster on dorm probation this year.

Ted Mashburn, hall director at Milton Daniel, has had a different situation.

"There have been about 10 guys out on dorm probation," he said. "It's all mostly with multiple offenses."

At Milton Daniel, the problem goes to Mashburn if the RA "can not handle it." If another incident occurs, he said, the student may wind up on dorm probation.

There are exceptions to this rule, he noted.

"We had a guy who woke a bunch of people up by fighting," Mashburn said. The fighter was put on probation.

Visitation violations are enforced, but not unflinchingly. A student may break visitation "two or three times" before he is put on probation, Mashburn noted. "It depends if it is chronic."

For three or four nights, sleep was hard to come by. Dan tried to read, but couldn't really concentrate. Glen just tossed in bed a lot. Sure, they were concerned about keeping their scholarships. But what was bugging them more was that they had no way to debate their case. It was, as Glen said, "...we're guilty until proven innocent."

One Hall Director on campus has a different way of handling cases. As a matter of fact, Kenny McIntosh, Brachman hall director, admitted, "I'm just not sure what dorm probation is."

Instead, Brachman residents have what they call a judications board.

The board has a chairman who serves continuously. When a discipline problem arises, the chairman draws names of nine Brachman residents to make up the "board," McIntosh said.

The student who has violated the rules then has a chance to go before either the board or directly to the hall staff.

Some problems in the system include siding with friends and a lack of consistency on the board and peer pressure.

"Most residents are not willing to hold friends and other residents accountable for the damage," he said, "but then again, that's their option. I can't override their decision."

"It's hard to be consistent" from time to time, McIntosh said. "There is a whole new group of students on the board every time."

Because there is lots of talk about the upcoming cases, many students on the board are approached with advice by other residents, McIntosh said.

However, the benefits outweigh the problems, McIntosh pointed out. "The idea is good," he said. "Students have a chance to take care of their own incidents," without administrative ties.

It's been a few weeks now. Glen and Dan can sleep normally again. Glen picked up a few A's in tests last week. Dan did too. Both probably will have 4.0's this semester. But both are still waiting for the final outcome of the whole incident.

# The Daily Skiff

wednesday, April 27, 1977

Texas Christian University Volume 75, Number 96



What do you mean there's no cat house on campus? Photo by Gwen Baumann

## 'Gays' Homosexuality not acceptable

By Chuck Ault

If you are a homosexual and live on the campus of Texas Christian University, you better not show it, or at the very least not tell anyone.

Because if you're brought before the Dean's office and you "admit openly before the University that you are a homosexual," there is a chance you can be suspended from school.

Recently, TCU Resident Assistants have questioned the University's policy in regard to homosexuality on campus. Some are not sure what action would be taken should they report a student.

The Daily Skiff talked with Dean of Students Libby Proffer about the matter.

Currently, homosexuality is illegal in Texas. Last Friday, Proffer issued a statement to the Skiff, that says, "Laws and attitudes toward homosexuality are changing across the country, but the present position of the University is that homosexual activity will not be accepted on campus."

When asked why homosexuality was not accepted, Proffer said, "I think one of the things you worry about when you are considering problems of this type, is what kind of recruiting activities go on among other students—especially young, impressionable students—who may not completely have established their own sexual identity."

The statement went on to say that

"(The dorms) are . . . not maintained as a hotel simply to provide shelter, but an integral part of the educational program of the university. Privacy is minimal; community and university standards are in integral part of the residence hall program."

"Behavior that might be acceptable in the privacy of one's own home may not be appropriate in a close-knit educational environment."

"Throughout its history, TCU has sought to maintain a residential community that would foster high personal standards among the students. There is a consensus in the administration that a University residence hall occupied largely by unmarried students, is not the appropriate locale for sexual activity (homosexual or heterosexual)."

The official Code of Student Conduct says that a student is subject to disciplinary action for "any offense involving moral turpitude or conduct inimicable to the good of the University or the Student Body." Proffer said this could apply to a variety of subjects.

In some cases, students may receive a letter placing them on "restricted enrollment, according to Proffer. She defined "restricted re-enrollment" with an example of a student who was to be suspended at the middle or end of a semester, it was too late for a refund. And since the average student spends between \$2,000-\$2,500 a

semester, the disciplinary problem

then becomes a financial imposition." The student can then only return to TCU with the Dean's permission.

Proffer said in no case are disciplinary records ever put on transcripts.

When asked if a student has a right to choose his/her sexual preference, Proffer replied, "Yes he does. Of course in Texas he can get in trouble for it if he chooses homosexuality."

"And if he chooses that kind of sex life, then he needs to find the appropriate place to carry it out. He does not have the right to carry on his sex life anywhere he wishes."

Proffer said the University doesn't make a determination whether homosexuality is a sickness or a choice, only that "We say that it is disruptive on the campus; it is not appropriate here."

Proffer said homosexuality cases are dealt with in the same manner as any other case—individually. "We examine the individual, the environment, and the context in which it occurred," Proffer said. "Sometimes this is not a very popular way of dealing with problems," she added.

It is rumored that a national gay rights group had recently contacted a TCU student and offered to sue the University for the student, the suit charging discrimination. Reportedly the student refused.

Asked if a lawsuit had been filed against TCU, Proffer said, "if one has been filed, I have not been informed."

## Publish or perish? Not an ultimatum

By Carol Holowinski

In contrast to the small, scattered, faculty offices on campus, there's a cluster of large, carefully decorated offices on Sadler Hall's third floor—one of which houses Dr. Thomas Brewer, vice-chancellor and dean of the University.

Brewer is one of the main forces behind research. His bookshelves, filled to capacity, appear to evidence the fact that research at the University is an important element.

"Creative research is important for a major American university—and I do consider TCU a major university," Brewer said.

Although Brewer admitted research and publishing does require time, "Everyone has to make allocations of time. The truly good teachers have a spirit of inquiry," he said. We do not exist solely to transmit someone else's knowledge, but new knowledge as well, he explained.

This "spirit of inquiry" will surface in a faculty member wanting to research and share his findings with colleagues by publishing and with students by lecturing, Brewer said. To these faculty members, research is not a burden, but a form of professional self-satisfaction.

Despite the University's placing an emphasis on publication, Brewer doesn't consider it a "publish or perish" institution. In a 1975 Image interview, Brewer said, "Some of those people who make that charge have never been in a true publish or perish situation."

"While I was at another university, a man in our department wrote a book on land tenure policy in Japan. The book got excellent reviews. But because it was published by the University of Arizona Press, there was some real question whether the author would be promoted to associate professor. Some felt the Arizona Press wasn't prestigious enough," he said.

Dr. William M. Wiebenga, dean of AddRan College of Arts and Sciences, also felt the term "publish or perish" was in incorrect description of the University's promotion and tenure policy. First of all, it insinuates that anyone who doesn't publish here will definitely perish, an incorrect assumption, he said.

Also, at some campuses it means that a faculty member has to publish a certain amount in particular journals. "We have no set policy," Wiebenga said.

Although the University does not say "we like you to do it or else, at the same time I think it's increasingly true that every faculty member must be involved in professional development," he added.

Basically, professional development is research, publication, and professional organization participation. Wiebenga, although he claimed TCU is not a publish or perish institution, admitted that "the person who did no more than teach would probably have a difficult time—if not an impossible time—in getting tenured at TCU."

However, he is quick to add that this

policy does not close the doors on the exceptional teacher. Wiebenga emphasized that it would have to be an exceptional teacher to receive tenure without (or with very little) publishing.

Brewer noted, however, that very few exceptional faculty members don't conduct research or publish articles. Brewer explained that the research requirement is an "enormous benefit to students at TCU. They do gain from people having a spirit of inquiry."

The research is tailored toward the teaching aspect of a professor, there can be no question that it supports teaching, Wiebenga said.

This "spirit of inquiry" cannot thrive without funds or supportive measures. The University relies on three main sources to aid in this professional development: (1) TCU Research Foundation (2) contract research grants from outside the University and (3) reduction in teaching loads.

Faculty members usually carry a 12 hour teaching load. However, if a faculty member gives evidence of active research, his load is reduced to nine hours.

According to TCU: A Hundred Years of History (Jerome A. Moore), the enrollment of doctoral candidates was at its peak in 1968-69. That year a total of \$1.8 million was expended: \$400,000 from TCU and the Research Foundation; \$1.1 million from federal agencies; and \$300,000 from other sources.

The major contributor to the chemistry department is the Robert A. Welch Foundation. In 1973, the Welch Foundation supplied \$138,898 in grants to 10 faculty members.

Competition for grants of any kind is quite high—even grants from the Research Foundation are competitive. Recently the Foundation gave \$50,000 to faculty members. According to Dr. E. Leigh Secrest, president of TCU Research Foundation, it had twice as much money applied for as it had available.

Although research has increased, tenure has slightly declined. Still, more than half the University's faculty is tenured. Most likely the decline will continue, since next year's freshman class is the last of the baby boom. The need will no longer be as great. Therefore, it's possible that future new faculty members will not be given tenure until someone in that department retires. Since 1972, promotion and tenure have no longer been automatic.

Still, it does restrict flexibility in terms of bringing in new faculty, Wiebenga said.

Tenure can also create an unfortunate situation if tenured faculty members have slowed down in their professional development, he said. Still, he believes the University should hang on to its tenure policy.

Although tenured faculty members are reviewed from time to time, no formal review board has been created. Wiebenga recognized this need for a systematic review. There must be

accountability, he said. Formal review would insure this.

Also, the University should encourage continual professional development among its tenured faculty, he said. This continual development could take the form of workshop attendance; leaves of absence for the purpose of study or an on-campus program for the improvement of teaching skills.

The research, publication and tenure policy also creates problems in professional disciplines. Since referee (scholarly) publications count more towards tenure than other types of publications, faculty members noted

that in professional areas such as journalism, the faculty member is forced to write for an academic audience instead of the audience he is trained to reach.

Professional areas are still in a stage of policy development Wiebenga said. Everyone agreed that the faculty member in a professionally oriented area has to provide scholarship or the equivalent, he said. However, he felt the article should be directed towards a person who is a professional himself in that field.

For the time being, the University still expects all departments to publish under the same referee guidelines.

## Cheer and beer ballots today

Elections for cheerleader will be held today from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. in the Student Center, Dan Rogers Hall and the Worth Hills Cafeteria.

A question will also appear on the ballot asking students would they be in favor of a policy to allow alcohol on campus. If answered yes, another question asks for students to express a preference on where they would like to see alcohol served and what type of alcohol would be allowed on campus.

13 women and nine men have applied for cheerleading positions. One person applied for Addie the Frog.

Run-offs for the cheerleading positions will be held Friday.

# Election chance to give opinion

Today's elections offer the students an opportunity to make their opinions known on student rights. On the ballot for today's election a question appears asking students if they believe the school should be allowed on campus.

Earlier last semester a similar question appeared on a Political Science Association mock election ballot. The results of that was an overwhelming desire by the voters for alcohol on campus.

As is common knowledge now, John Cowles and Steve Saunders used the results of that survey to help them formulate an argument for an alcohol amendment to the Student Bill of Rights.

Cowles used this survey in arguing for the passage of the amendment stating the student body had shown support for such action.

Some administrators' comments during the poll did not reveal a true sampling of the TCU student body (slightly over 2,000 voted in the mock election).

Today students have another opportunity to voice their opinion for or against the possibility of alcohol coming to campus.

We encourage all students to take this opportunity, because only then will the true feelings of the student body be available to the school.

# This is another Carter editorial

By the Associated Press

Many editorial writers around the world have voiced hope that President Carter's call for energy conservation would be heeded by Congress and the American people. Some added that their own governments should follow his lead.

"Jimmy Carter talks about wanting energy (the way ministers used to talk about sin)," Britain's tabloid Daily Mail said.

"But the President knows his audience. Americans relish a whiff of hell-fire. And if this moralistic approach helps get the message across, his fireside sermon will have been worthwhile."

Malaysia's Business Times said the President's message should be applied to the Third World. "The question that should be asked is whether the developing countries—and that includes Malaysia—are merely aping the West, designing a society dependent on the 'gas-guzzling' gaudy car and other energy-expensive devices."

In London, Conservative Parliament member Nigel Furman, a specialist on energy, said Prime Minister James Callaghan should follow Carter's lead. "Although America's energy problems are on a greater scale than those in Britain, a well-undertaken policy is essential," he said.

In Stockholm, the Express said Carter's call amounted to a "declaration of war against the waste of energy."

"The dominating U.S. role in the international oil market makes the American energy policy a matter for the whole world," Express said. "It is however far from certain that Carter's program can be carried out even if accepted by Congress."

The Manila Bulletin, a government-affiliated paper, said "President Carter looks at the problem from the long-term perspective. His views are the views of prudent men everywhere."

Britain's Guardian, however, asked whether Carter shouldn't lower his opposition to nuclear energy after the world's oil crisis.

"If President Carter is so alarmed by the prospect from 1985 onwards, why does he rein in the nuclear power program, which, using the first breeder reactor could eventually supply the base-load electricity for all industrial countries, leaving oil and coal for more specialized uses?"



Libby Proffer

# Cutting class hurts students

The tranquility of Sunday afternoon was shattered by the insistent ringing of the phone. We had not had a call all day (unless you counted the one that came at 2:30 a.m. from a mother who thought a good dean of students ought to be able to know where her daughter was when she didn't get home on time) and I answered it reluctantly.

The voice was strained but businesslike—as though a great effort was being made to control all trace of emotion. It was another mother, but this one quietly told me that her son, a TCU junior, had just been diagnosed as having leukemia. She told me what hospital he was in, spoke briefly of medication that had been started, and then assured me the boy wanted to keep up with his academic work and somehow or other he would get back to TCU in time to complete the spring semester. All he wanted was to make sure his professors knew that he wasn't deliberately cutting classes.

As I replaced the phone in its cradle, it occurred to me that students who have genuine problems are the ones most likely to make every effort to attend class: ones like Harry McClintock, who was totally blind, and Robert Moorman, who is mobile only in his wheelchair.

At TCU, teachers are asked to report students to the Student Life Office whenever accumulated absences endanger a student's grade. So far this semester, some 280 students have been reported as having excessive absences. Last fall, the number reached 190. These were students who didn't go to class for some reason unknown to their professors.

Talking about absences, a fellow dean once remarked, "Students are the only people in the world who want to get nothing for something."

These are lots of days when I agree with him. Roughly speaking, it costs the average, non-working full-time student some \$17.36 for every scheduled class, yet he cheers when he gets a "walk," celebrates when class is dismissed early and "cuts" without a thought other than that he can get by with it. The professor who conscientiously meets every class will be reminded repeatedly that others have given their classes free time.

It's had to be cheated in any way, but it seems to me pretty unwise to deliberately cheat one's self by not taking advantage of the educational opportunities that were paid for in advance.

My husband and I were pleased to receive an invitation to a dinner at Shady Oaks Country Club honoring Dr. Paul F. Baker, Jr., the University's LEJ Professor of American History. We were a little surprised, however, by the last line on the invitation which read simply "Dress optional."

"Yes, Dr. Moody: we will be present, but in the light of TCU's conservative history, we think we'll dress anyway."

Perhaps one reason, the Greek image is what it is because so many live together in such close proximity on the Worth Hills campus; it is so easy to attribute to a group the sins of a few.

Late Saturday, neighbors in houses adjoining Worth Hills called the city police in an effort to stop the noise coming from a stereo in one fraternity house. One man who threatened to use his 12-gauge shotgun on the offending stereo set didn't know a single fraternity man individually, but he was quite sure he wanted to quieten down that bunch of blankety blank Greeks.

The neighbor was right about the noise but in error about the cause, only two fraternity men were involved in the incident, not the whole system. The Greeks got the blame for the actions of two people.

The question that concerns me is why Greeks as a whole will let one or two immature, inconsiderate brothers mar the reputation of them all. They "cover up" rather than "straightening out." Perhaps if the Greeks themselves would take action promptly to handle their own problems, their image on the campus would improve. At least it would help.

## Reader feedback

Editor:  
You should put in a game page for us students to have something to do during an occasional boring class.

About the crosswalk issue, let the law of the jungle prevail—survival of the fittest, in other words, if you're dumb enough to get hit, maybe it will knock some sense into you.

Oh, yeah, about alcohol on campus, College itself is for learning, at least it is supposed to be. If you want to drink, go get some beer and drink! If you want to drink in your room, it's simple. Just put your beer in a sack and coolly walk into your room, lock the door and drink it. If you get rowdy and bother others, you deserve to get invited to go see Buck.

J.D. Young

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# Family tree

## Tracing ancestry popular after 'Roots'

By Gwena Baumann

Genealogy—the science of tracing your ancestry back through the years—has begun to flourish since Alex Haley's *Roots* hit the streets two years ago.

Not only have libraries across the country been mobbed by people hopeful of tracing themselves back to George Washington or to other Revolutionary heroes, but hundreds of genealogical societies, commercial genealogists and monthly genealogical magazines have popped up and continue to do so day after day.

Patricia Chadwell, head of the Fort Worth Public Library Genealogy Department, has traced her lineage back to Charlemagne, the celebrated French king.

"I've really traced it further," Chadwell said. "Once you get to Charlemagne you can also get to St. Arnouf, the bishop."

"I really didn't have to trace it all the way back. I traced it to Alexander McGruder, of the 1650's. He was on the wrong side of the English Civil War and was deported," she said.

"There I tied into someone's work which took it back to William De Landillei, a signer of Magna Carta. Someone else had taken all the signers of the Magna Carta and traced them back."

That's a big part of genealogy,

according to Paul Campbell, Chadwell's assistant. It's also one reason for the societies and magazines.

Campbell is the current president of the Fort Worth Genealogical Society. They meet the last Monday of every month at 7:30 in the Parish Hall of St. Andrews Episcopal Church at 10th and Lane. Anyone interested may attend the meetings.

Campbell said Fort Worth is one of the most fully equipped and resourceful cities in the nation. The library averages between 1,000 and 1,500 visitors a month to the genealogy department and is well known throughout the country, he said.

Three cities in Texas house large genealogical resources; Dallas, Fort Worth and Houston.

Fort Worth is also the location of the Federal Record Center. There are 13 across the country and only 11 with archives.

But how does one get started? "You start by talking to old members of the family," Campbell said. "Look at old family Bibles, letters and postmarks to find where people lived."

"Before you can really get back, you have to place someone in the county and state in 1880. That is the last census available easily accessible to the general public."

"The federal Record Center can

help you out there. They have copies on the 1900 census for most counties in Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas.

If you don't hail from any of the above, don't fear because once you get back to 1880, the library can help. They possess many films from Pennsylvania and other eastern states.

"The 1890 census was destroyed in a fire. And even if you can find yourself in the 1900 census, there's a twenty year jumpback."

"The handwritten censuses are listed by counties and in 1880 everyone was listed by name. The family group includes the father, mother and children. Also included are their ages, sex, race, occupation or relation to the household, place of birth and place of father's and mother's birth."

"People who enjoy mystery novels usually enjoy genealogy," Campbell noted. "You have to interpret 19th century handwriting."

Once you've placed yourself to 1880, you proceed to 1870, 1860 and 1850. From 1790 to 1840, only the head of the household and age and sex of other members are listed.

Censuses only go back to 1790. From there you're on your own. Now you depend on other records. Once the county, then other records can be

made accessible.

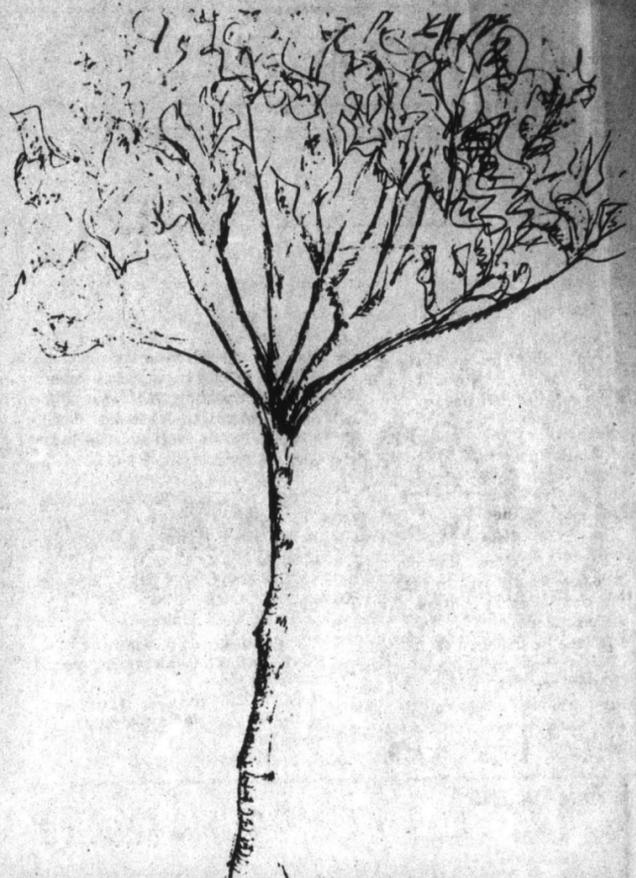
This includes old wills or probate records. According to Campbell, they sometimes include sentences like "To my son (or daughter) who married John Smith. . . ."

Church records are also of value as are old newspapers, though obituaries are not found until the 10th century. Eventually, you have to go to the original source or use periodicals.

This is where the genealogical societies came in handy. *Footprints*, Fort Worth's genealogy quarterly, prints records previously unknown of Fort Worth's Library exchanges quarterlies with 135 different societies.

The February issue of *Footprints* includes the 1845 tax roll for Robertson County, Tex., early land grants in Tarrant county, Bible records of six family Bibles, marriage records of Wise County, Tex., from 1891 through 1893, the school census of Ushur County, Tex., in 1854 and records from the Womack-White Cemetery in Bosque County, Tex., and the Pioneer Cemetery in Eastland County, Tex.

Genealogists that are certified can often be a help, both with U.S. records or records that take you back to a non-English speaking country.



# News fronts

WASHINGTON (AP)—If you're a student receiving veterans benefits, plan ahead. You'll have to wait longer than usual between checks.

More than 1.5 million veterans, dependents and service members are affected by a change in payment dates announced by the Veterans Administration.

In the past, checks were issued on the first of the month. Now, the VA will send them out at the end of the month. That means a one-time, two-month gap in payments.

Students will get their May checks, as usual, on or about the first of the month. The next checks will arrive at the end of June. After that, the checks will arrive once a month, but at the end, instead of the beginning, of the period.

BERLIN (AP)—Rudolf Hess, Hitler's onetime deputy and the lone inmate of Spandau prison, observed his 83rd birthday Tuesday, but for once he didn't ask for a cake.

The former deputy Fuehrer of Nazi Germany is said to love sweets, and over the years the Americans who take their turn guarding the Allied prison in April have given him a birthday cake.

But an official prison source said Hess didn't ask for one this year. "If Hess or someone else had asked for such a speciality for him on his birthday, it would have been provided," he said.

Last Feb. 22, Hess attempted suicide by slashing at his wrist, elbow and leg, but the injuries were not serious. His son, Wolf Ruediger Hess, said his father acted out of growing despair that he will never be set free.

STAVANGER, Norway (AP)—A dangerous concentration of gas yesterday forced six American blowout experts to evacuate a platform in the North Sea shortly after they had begun efforts to cap a four-day-old geyser of oil from a runaway offshore well.

Officials said the explosive gas built up after the wind

stopped, and the experts decided to postpone their efforts again. A similar calm had blocked capping operations Monday morning, and gale-force winds Monday afternoon prevented the Americans from getting onto the Bravo platform.

WASHINGTON (AP)—The United States and the Soviet Union announced Tuesday they will resume working-level negotiations on a strategic arms limitation treaty in Geneva beginning May 11.

The announcement was released simultaneously here and in Moscow and added that the two sides agreed to "exchange views at other levels" on SALT.

State Department spokesman Hodding Carter said this vague expression was actually Russian acknowledgement that a full-scale SALT discussion will be held between Secretary of State Cyrus R. Vance and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko later in May in Geneva.

WASHINGTON (AP)—Senate and House conferees Tuesday broke a seven-week stalemate that had held up President Carter's plan to stimulate the economy with public works jobs.

The jobs bill, a major part of Carter's economic package, would make \$4 billion available to local governments immediately for construction of hospitals, schools, parks, sewers, bridges and other public works projects.

Conferees eliminated a \$7.25-million, water-pollution section that had stalled action and decided to consider it separately.

WILMINGTON, Del. (AP)—Bethlehem Steel Co. reported Tuesday a net loss of \$25.2 million or 58 cents per share of common stock for the first quarter of 1977.

In the first quarter of 1976, the nation's second largest steelmaker had a net income of \$28.4 million or 65 cents a share.

First quarter revenues for the steel company were \$1.3 billion in both years.

# Cheerleader Elections Today



Sheree Colemah



Jane Costello



Elizabeth Farris



Suzy Hull



Kathy Kirk



Robin McCalmon



Kathy McCarthy



Jan Oiler



Deb Purviance



Elizabeth Strother



Elaine Taylor



Jan Tucker



Terri Elizabeth Watson



Kurt Brimberry



Jay Clifton



Chris Groff



Dave Harnet



Paul Lucas



Brewster Macfarland



Steve McKim



Ross Richardson



John Shelden



Gretchen Gazlay

FOR  
ADDIE  
THE  
FROG

Primary Today 8 am-5 pm  
Run-Off Friday 8 am-5 pm  
POLL LOCATIONS:  
Dan Rogers Hall, Student Center &  
Worth Hills Cafeteria

4 males elected—4 females elected  
1 Addie the Frog

★ Must have ID Card to vote ★ There will also be an alcohol referendum on the ballot.

