No Politics In B-36, Says Northrop

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 18' (AP). Plane Maker John K. Northrop. whose contract to build. Flying Wings for the Air Force was canceled in favor of the B-36, doesn't believe politics had anything to do with it.

He testified to this effect on Wednesday before a House subcommittee which is investigating reports that political favoritism may have influenced selection of

the B-36 as an Air Force weapon.
Another witness, Oliver P. Echols, Northrop board chairman and onetime chief of the Air Force Materiel Command, said: "I was probably more responsible than anyone else for having the B-36 ordered. I don't see how political influence could have been brought to bear in award-ing the contract."

ing the contract."

Northrop said Secretary of Air
Symington notified him in the
summer of 1948 that the contract for 30 B-49s was being canceled.

He said he didn't ask why.

He said he deduced from the newspaper accounts, however, that the Air Force wanted a bomber with a longer range than the Flying Wing.

Earlier Echols had testified that in the B-36 the Air Force got what it wanted—"a 10,000mile bomber that could carry a 10,000-pound bomb load."

Echols also told the investigators that Floyd Odlum, head of Consolidated Vultee, makers of the B-36, once suggested to him that Northrop and Consolidated should merge. Northrop rejected the idea, he said, because it did not wish to lose its identity.