The first original Speech by A. Charle Termit me on the fresent occasion to give you what instructhon and particularly encouragement that is in my fromes pertaining to your persuit of a knowledge of those sciences and arts of which our country boasts and which is gained by The indus-Trions but not by The indoent and I will j'tell you now That if you ever expect to be any account you must be in dustrious. Terhaps it will be nell enough to explain to you little girls and bys what industry is for it is necessary that you should understand it fully as all your future. enfoument depends on to to be industrious you sissest pay steady attention to your business what ever it may be if you are studying you must be very diligent and attentive to your Mudies That is to the partie whar Thing you are studying and to nothing else at that Time This is industry and judge for your silver whether you are all industrious or not assistyou are not you ought to be. The are some shildred that do it go It se hood to learn any Thing or at least it looks so for There some That do not study now to such shildren O would say bear in mind what you some to school for all children know They are sent to school to learn and They ought to know that Atio for Their own benefit and They ought to have more sewho are The most ancious for Their advancement in Their Thedies and for Their welfare in general for any shild To spend his time in idlenes and indolence and thereby being dis grace upon himself is some Thing That I sunnet immagine how any boy or girl san hear the idea of. I Brow That it is very inhome for some little children just commencing to dearn Their letters to study but this is because it does not under stand what it is for but The child that is properly thought The benefits of this as it advances onward industry required we may say as it makes the first step up the hill of science and begins

Its look around and undertand what his for that has been such a burden upon it's mind it soon becomes reconcileal to its studies and rapid advancement still progressing from one object to another the steers his course on the winding fath of Browledge boldly Mening the surging wave of discouragement proceeding Step by step from one accomplishment to another never willing to leave any Thing of importance Whisthead un accomplished, Till oldage assives and finds him still impersuit of Browledge. Old age being attended by weakness his farther progress is stopped and it is Then That he reflects duply on the past and seinghis honest repright source through life he looks around and beholds The servard of his indutry which is bounteous and he then fuls haffy for hard has he laboud and duly is he secons pensed. This is the awar and At death he thinks seriously whon The good he has done to his country he purery that his whole life has been occupied in doing good he dies a happy man fit is true he life is no more but the leaves a name That lives in all the Splender That surrounds the names of all great and good men and he leaves an example too for all who wish to follow the fath to virtue and knowledge. This is the firsture of the sharacter of the indus-Trious and That of the indolent just the reverse. The exclorer of industry may be fally illustrated by contracting it with in dolence there is no man more unhappy Than he who gives himself up to in dolence whether rich or poor he is Equally as unhappy in one condition as in the other. The steady per suit of a landible and banful object is almost a sure fath to enimence. While the indulgence of idle neps a sure path to dis grace Shame and ignorence. If not ever expect to be useful to our country heaping to ourselves Treasures That sannot perishort must be in dustriones if sol wish to be an honer to our country the our selves asto our God we must be industrious at must not spend a single

moment in idleness for life is short and if it is spent in indolence we cannot hope for any se ward hereafter for to him That douth much a great deal is sewarded and to him that doeth little but little reavard is given and to him that doeth nothing no reward is given. Thus you sel you mustexersise all your mental power to gain knowledge and There is no better Time for improvement Than while you are you and if you set out with a determined and ungealding sourage to persevere give way to no impediments That may shance to be in your winding frath up The hill of science for bear in mind That your prograys will not be accompanied by all The lase and com fort That This world affords you will seaf The fruits of your babor in happiness and pleasure and it will not be momentary but it will be enerlasting. But if you spend your time in idleness you will be tryling and good for nothing all thour life. The flection hour with full by unnitived and old age will find you and prefused to met it and you will now sell the fully of your days and you will now in old age furhays com mence That which you ought to have begun in childhood but alas it is too late death and The grave are close at hand and your last Tottering steps will be guided in indolence and ig norunce Thereby render ing death parrible and fearful yes you will not be prepared to exclaim Wh! death where is they sting Wh! grave where is thy victory.

## The first original speech by A. Clark

Permit me on the present occasion to give you what instruction and particularly encouragement that is in my power pertaining to your pursuit of a knowledge of those sciences and arts of which our country boasts and which is gained by the industrious. Perhaps it will be well enough to explain to you little girls and boys what industry is for. It is necessary that you should understand it fully as all your future enjoiement (sic) depends on it. To be industrious you must pay steady attention to your business what ever it may be. If you are studying you must be very diligent and attentive to your studies, that is to the particular thing you are studying and to nothing else at that time. This is industry...